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10/072,840	_	02/06/2002	Steven Charles Glassman	9772-0313-999	3725
22879 7590 02/24/2006				EXAMINER	
		ARD COMPAN	MIZAN, SHAHIN		
POBOX 2	72400, 34	104 E. HARMON			
INTELLEC	TUAL P	ROPERTY ADM	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
FORT COLLINS, CO 80527-2400				2132	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
055 - 4 - 4' 0	10/072,840	GLASSMAN ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Shahin Mizan	2132
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 De	ecember 2005.	
•	action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan	nce except for formal matters, pro	osecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-55</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.	vn from consideration.	·
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-55</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	ltit	
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.	
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 2/6/02 is/are: a)⊠ acce	epted or b) objected to by the I	Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcting 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Extended to build the control of the Extended to the E	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:		)-(d) or (f).
1. Certified copies of the priority documents		
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	• •	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	•	ed in this National Stage
application from the International Bureau  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ad
See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	or the certified copies not receive	·u.
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)
<ol> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ol>	6) Other:	· *L

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Response to Amendment

1. Applicant's amendments/arguments with respect to claims 1-55 filed December 19, 2005 have been fully considered (MPEP 714.04; 37 CFR 1.111), but they are not persuasive. Amendments to the specification and drawings have been accepted.

## Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-55 have been considered but are not persuasive.

With regards to Applicant's argument that the Examiner attempted to equate Sandhu et al. reference's "logged-in ticket" with the presently recited first-class token or login token, that the logged-in ticket does not determine whether a login attempt is impermissible, and that the logged-in ticket does not permit a predefined number of unsuccessful login attempts, Examiner respectfully disagrees. The logged-in ticket is an indication of authentication, but Sandhu et al.'s reference still includes a first and second class login token in the form of the first transformed message and the increased size challenge as shown in figure 2B respectively (note Fig. 2B – the box labeled 450 transmits the first transformed message [login token] to the sponsor station; also note column 11, lines 21-37; also note Fig. 2A; also note column 12, line 64; also note column 6, lines 54 - 66 - first period of time described; also note column 11, lines 13-16; also note column 13, lines 32-35 – variable challenge size may imply zero delay for predetermined number of login attempts; also note column 11, lines 3-12 – the zero delay associated with first class login token can be accommodated in the indication field).

With regards to Applicant's argument that the Sandhu et al.'s reference fails to teach providing a second-class login token or an updated login token, Examiner respectfully disagrees (note Fig. 2B – the increased size challenge in box labeled 439 is the updated login token; also note column 11, line 41 – another challenge is the updated login token).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 4. Claims 1-8, 11-13, 15-34, and 42-55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Sandhu et al. (US Patent No. 6,883,095).

As per independent claim 1, Sandhu et al. teaches a login method comprising processing a login token, if provided, during a login attempt, wherein the login attempt is impermissible, and thus unsuccessful, if the login attempt occurs before expiration of a first period of time following an unsuccessful login attempt associated with said login token (note Fig. 2B – the box labeled 450 transmits the first transformed message [login token] to the sponsor station; also note column 11, lines 21-37; also note Fig. 2A; also note column 12, line 64; also note column 6, lines 54 - 66 - first period of time described; also note column 11, lines 13-16); and

providing an updated login token in response to the login attempt, wherein the updated login token does not permit a subsequent login attempt before expiration of a

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second period of time if the login attempt is unsuccessful (note Fig. 2B – the increased size challenge in box labeled 439 is the updated login token; also note column 11, line 41 – another challenge is the updated login token).

As per claim 2, which is dependent on claim 1, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 1, further comprising maintaining a login-attempt success indicator, said login-attempt success indicator indicating whether the login attempt is successful, said login-attempt success indicator being referenced during the subsequent login attempt (note Fig. 10 - box identified as 1225 performs this function).

As per claim 3, which is dependent on claim 2, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 2, further comprising including in the updated login token an attempt success indicator, said attempt success indicator indicating whether the login attempt is successful, said attempt success indicator being referenced during the subsequent login attempt (note Fig. 10 - box identified as 1245 performs the function of updated login token).

As per claim 4, which is dependent on claim 3, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 3, wherein the login-attempt success indicator is a login class, wherein the login class is first-class if the login attempt is successful attempt (note column 11, line 9 - item 1035 is the success indicator).

As per claim 5, which is dependent on claim 1, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 1, further comprising maintaining a time stamp, said time stamp corresponding to the second period of time (note Fig. 8 - time and date information associated with a particular login attempt is recorded).

As per claim 6, which is dependent on claim 1, Sandhu et al. teaches the login

method of claim 1, further comprising inserting in the updated login token a time stamp, said time stamp corresponding to the second period of time (note Fig. 8 - time and date information associated with a particular login attempt is recorded).

As per claim 7, which is dependent on claim 1, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 1, further comprising maintaining an account identifier, said account identifier corresponding to an account that is the subject of the login attempt, wherein the subsequent login attempt is impermissible if an account that is the subject of the subsequent login attempt does not correspond to the account identifier (note Fig. 10 - the box labeled 1215 implies an account associated with each user).

As per claim 8, which is dependent on claim 1, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 1, further comprising inserting in the updated login token an account identifier, said account identifier corresponding to an account that is the subject of the login attempt, wherein the subsequent login attempt is impermissible if an account that is the subject of the subsequent login attempt does not correspond to the account identifier (note Fig. 10 - the box labeled 1215 implies an account associated with each user).

As per claim 11, which is dependent on claim 1, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 1, further comprising maintaining a password identifier, said password identifier corresponding to a password submitted with the login attempt, wherein the subsequent login attempt is impermissible if a password submitted with the subsequent login attempt does not correspond to the password identifier (note Fig. 8 – user ID and password information associated with a particular login attempt is established in the server; also note Fig. 10 – box labeled 1215 deals with password identifier).

As per claim 12, which is dependent on claim 1, Sandhu et al. teaches the login

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method of claim 1, further comprising inserting in the updated login token a password identifier, said password identifier corresponding to a password submitted with the login attempt, wherein the subsequent login attempt is impermissible if a password submitted with the subsequent login attempt does not correspond to the password identifier (note Fig. 8 – user ID and password information associated with a particular login attempt is established in the server; also note Fig. 10 – box labeled 1215 deals with password identifier).

As per claim 13, which is dependent on claim 1, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 1, further comprising inserting in the updated login token a validity stamp, said validity stamp designed to prevent the use of an invalid login token, wherein the login attempt is impermissible if the login token does not include a valid validity stamp (note Fig. 10 – box labeled 1215 provides validity stamp).

As per claim 15, which is dependent on claim 1, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 1, further comprising maintaining a count of unsuccessful login attempts (note Fig. 9 - box identified as 1220 performs this function; also note Fig. 10 – box identified as 1225).

As per claim 16, which is dependent on claim 15, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 15, further comprising incrementing the count if the login attempt is impermissible (note Fig. 10 - box identified as 1225 performs this function).

As per claim 17, which is dependent on claim 15, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 15, further comprising incrementing the count if the login attempt is permissible but otherwise unsuccessful (note Fig. 10 - box identified as 1225 performs this function).

As per claim 18, which is dependent on claim 15, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 15, further comprising selecting the second period of time by reference to the count, wherein the second period of time is longer than it otherwise would be if the count reaches a predefined threshold (note Fig. 11 - box identified as 1301 performs this function).

As per claim 19, which is dependent on claim 15, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 15, further comprising selecting the second period of time by reference to the count, wherein the second period of time is longer than it otherwise would be if the count reaches a predefined threshold within a third period of time (note Fig. 11 - box identified as 1301 performs this function).

As per claim 20, which is dependent on claim 1, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 1 (see above), wherein the login attempt is impermissible if the login token is not provided during the login attempt (note column 11, lines 31 - 37).

As per claim 21, which is dependent on claim 1, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 1, further comprising maintaining a count of unsuccessful login attempts to login with a password (note Fig. 10 - box identified as 1225 performs this function).

As per claim 22, which is dependent on claim 21, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 21, further comprising incrementing the count if the login attempt is impermissible and is made with the password (note Fig. 10 - box identified as 1225 performs this function).

As per claim 23, which is dependent on claim 21, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 21, further comprising incrementing the count if the login attempt is

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permissible but otherwise unsuccessful and is made with the password (note Fig. 10 - box identified as 1225 performs this function).

As per claim 24, which is dependent on claim 21, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 21, further comprising selecting the second period of time by reference to the count, wherein the second period of time is longer than it otherwise would be if the count reaches a predefined threshold and the login attempt is made with the password (note Fig. 11 - box identified as 1301 performs this function).

As per claim 25, which is dependent on claim 21, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 21, further comprising selecting the second period of time by reference to the count, wherein the second period of time is longer than it otherwise would be if the count reaches a predefined threshold within a third period of time and the login attempt is made with the password (note Fig. 11 - box identified as 1301 performs this function).

As per claim 26, which is dependent on claim 21, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 21, wherein the second period of time is not increased as the count increases unless each of the defined number of unsuccessful login attempts to login with the password occur within a third period of time (note column 15, lines 6 - 8 - the time is variable meaning keeping it the same, increased, or decreased).

As per claim 27, which is dependent on claim 21, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 21, further comprising invalidating the subsequent login attempt if the count equals a predefined threshold and the password is submitted with the subsequent login attempt (note Fig. 10 - box identified as 1235 performs this function).

As per claim 28, which is dependent on claim 1, Sandhu et al. teaches the login

method of claim 1, further comprising maintaining a count of unsuccessful login attempts to login with a user name (note Fig. 9 - box identified as 1120 performs this function).

As per claim 29, which is dependent on claim 28, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 28, further comprising incrementing the count if the login attempt is impermissible (note Fig. 10 - box identified as 1225 performs this function).

As per claim 30, which is dependent on claim 28, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 28, further comprising incrementing the count if the login attempt is permissible but otherwise unsuccessful (note Fig. 10 - box identified as 1225 performs this function).

As per claim 31, which is dependent on claim 28, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 28, further comprising selecting the second period of time by reference to the count, wherein the second period of time is longer than it otherwise would be if the count reaches a predefined threshold and the login attempt is made with the user name (note Fig. 11 - box identified as 1301 performs this function).

As per claim 32, which is dependent on claim 28, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 28, further comprising selecting the second period of time by reference to the count, wherein the second period of time is longer than it otherwise would be if the count reaches a predefined threshold within a third period of time and the login attempt is made with the user name (note column 15, lines 6 - 8 - the time is variable).

As per claim 33, which is dependent on claim 28, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 28, wherein the second period of time is not increased as the count increases unless each of the defined number of unsuccessful login attempts to login

with the user name occur within a third period of time (note column 15, lines 6 - 8 - the time is variable).

As per claim 34, which is dependent on claim 28, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 28, further comprising invalidating the subsequent login attempt if the count equals a predefined threshold and the user name is submitted with the subsequent login attempt (note column 15, line 15 – pre established threshold limit described).

As per claim 42, which is dependent on claim 1, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 1, wherein the second period of time is a first length if the login attempt is one in a series of unsuccessful login attempts associated with the login token, which follow a successful attempt associated with the login token, if the series of unsuccessful login attempts does not include more than a predefined number unsuccessful login attempts (note Fig. 10 - box identified as 1230 and 1235 performs this function);

the second period of time is a second length if the login attempt is one in a series of unsuccessful login attempts associated with the login token, which follow a successful attempt associated with the login token, if the series of unsuccessful login attempts includes the predefined number unsuccessful login attempts (note Fig. 10 - box identified as 1230 and 1235 performs this function);

the second period of time is a third length if the login attempt does not follow a successful attempt associated with the login token, said third length exceeding the first length (note Fig. 10 - box identified as 1230 and 1235 performs this function); and

the second period of time is a fourth length if the login token is not provided during the login attempt, said fourth length exceeding the first length (note Fig. 10 - box

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identified as 1230 and 1235 performs this function).

As per claim 43, which is dependent on claim 1, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 1, further comprising processing a second login token, if provided, during a second login attempt, wherein the login cookie provided in response to the second login attempt does not permit a subsequent login attempt at least until the second period of time has expired twice since the login attempt name (note column 15, lines 6 - 8).

As per independent claim 44, Sandhu et al. teaches a login method comprising processing a login attempt to determine whether the login attempt is successful, said login attempt being successful if permissible and submitted with a valid user name and password combination (note Fig. 2A – the box labeled 420 performs this function; also note column 10, lines 47-50; also note box labeled 460 in Fig. 2B; also note column 11, line 36);

providing a first-class login token if the login attempt is successful, said first-class login token permitting a predefined number of unsuccessful login attempts without imposing more than a first time delay between each of said unsuccessful login attempts (note Fig. 2B – the box labeled 450 transmits the first transformed message [login token] to the sponsor station; also note column 13, lines 32-35 – variable challenge size may imply zero delay for predetermined number of login attempts; also note column 11, lines 3-12 – the zero delay associated with first class login token can be accommodated in the indication field);

providing a second-class login token if the login attempt is unsuccessful and a login token submitted with the login request is second-class, wherein a subsequent login attempt made with said second-class login token is not permissible if submitted prior to expiration of a second time delay, said second time delay exceeding said first

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time delay (note Fig. 2B – the increased size challenge in box labeled 439 is the second class login token; also note column 11, line 41 – another challenge is the second class login token);

providing the second-class login token if the login attempt is unsuccessful and is the last of a series of unsuccessful login attempts associated with a first-class login token, said series including more than the predefined number of unsuccessful login delay (note Fig. 2B – the increased size challenge in box labeled 439 is the second class login token; also note column 11, line 41 – another challenge is the second class login token; also note column 11, lines 39-51; also note column 13, lines 32-35; also note column 11, lines 3-12 – the zero delay associated with first class login token can be accommodated in the indication field); and

providing the second-class login token if a login token is not submitted with the login attempt, said login attempt not being permissible (note box labeled 455 in Fig. 2B – if the [first transformed message=login token] is not sent to the sponsor station then the flow is sent back to step 420 which will lead to providing a second challenge at box labeled 439 in Fig. 2B).

As per claim 45, which is dependent on claim 44, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 44, wherein the login attempt is not permissible if a login token submitted with said login attempt is invalid (note column 11, lines 27-37).

As per claim 46, which is dependent on claim 44, Sandhu et al. teaches the login method of claim 44, wherein the login attempt is not permissible if said login attempt is made prior to expiration of a time delay associated with a login token submitted with said login attempt (note column 14, lines 9 - 14 - login attempt prior to the expiration of the delay is not permissible).

As per independent claim 47, Sandhu et al. teaches a computer program product for use in conjunction with a computer system, the computer program product

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comprising a computer readable storage medium and a computer program mechanism embedded therein, the computer program mechanism comprising:

instructions for processing a login attempt to determine whether the login attempt is successful, said login attempt being successful if permissible and submitted with a valid user name and password combination (note column 8, lines 31 – 41 – computer program products described; also note column 9, lines 2 - 3; also note Fig. 4,5,6, and 7);

instructions for providing a first-class login token if the login attempt is successful, said first-class login token permitting a predefined number of unsuccessful login attempts without imposing more than a first time delay between each of said unsuccessful login attempts combination (note column 8, lines 31 – 41 – computer program products described; also note column 9, lines 2 - 3; also note Fig. 4, 5, 6, and 7);

instructions for providing a second-class login token if the login attempt is unsuccessful and a login token submitted with the login request is second-class, wherein a subsequent login attempt made with said second-class login token is not permissible if submitted prior to expiration of a second time delay, said second time delay exceeding said first time combination (note column 8, lines 31 – 41 – computer program products described; also note column 9, lines 2 - 3; also note Fig. 4, 5, 6, and 7);

instructions for providing the second-class login token if the login attempt is unsuccessful and is the last of a series of unsuccessful login attempts associated with a first-class login token, said series including more than the predefined number of unsuccessful login attempts combination (note column 8, lines 31 – 41 – computer program products described; also note column 9, lines 2 - 3; also note Fig. 4, 5, 6, and 7); and

instructions for providing the second-class login token if a login token is not submitted with the login attempt, said login attempt not being permissible combination (note column 8, lines 31 – 41 – computer program products described; also note column 9, lines 2 - 3; also note Fig. 4, 5, 6, and 7).

As per independent claim 48, Sandhu et al. teaches a computer program product for use in conjunction with a computer system, the computer program product comprising a computer readable storage medium and a computer program mechanism embedded therein, the computer program mechanism comprising:

instructions for processing a login token, if provided, during an attempt to login, wherein the login attempt is impermissible if the login attempt occurs before expiration of a first period of time following an unsuccessful login attempt associated with said login token (note Fig. 1,4,5,6, and 7; also note column 9, lines 4 - 6 - software necessary for the invention is described; also note Fig. 2A - box 415 and step 510 perform this function); and

instructions for providing an updated login token in response to the login attempt, wherein the updated login token does not permit a subsequent login attempt before expiration a second period of time if the login attempt is impermissible token (note Fig. 1,4,5,6, and 7; also note column 9, lines 4 - 6 - software necessary for the invention is described; also note Fig. 2A - box 415, 420, 425, 430, and 435 perform this function).

As per independent claim 49, Sandhu et al. teaches a computer system for processing login requests, comprising:

a first-class login server and a second-class login server, said first-class login server and said second-class login server each including a storage unit and a processor, said storage unit configured to store login information, said processor

configured to process login requests with reference to said login information (note Fig. 6 and 7 – description of server performing these functions is shown; also note Fig. 4 and 5 – another description of second class login server; also note column 9, line 20 – any server configuration is allowable);

the first-class login server and the second-class login server each configured to process a login attempt to determine whether the login attempt is successful, said login attempt being successful if permissible and submitted with a valid user name and password combination (note Fig. 6 and 7 – description of server performing these functions is shown; also note Fig. 4 and 5 – another description of second class login server; also note column 9, line 20 – any server configuration is allowable);

the first-class login server configured to process login attempts made with a first-class login token and the second-class login server configured to process login attempts made with a second-class login token (note Fig. 6 and 7 – description of server performing these functions is shown; also note Fig. 4 and 5 – another description of second class login server; also note column 9, line 20 – any server configuration is allowable);

the first-class login server and the second-class login server each further configured to provide a first-class login token if the login attempt is successful, said first-class login token permitting a predefined number of unsuccessful login attempts without imposing more than a first time delay between each of said unsuccessful login attempts (note Fig. 6 and 7 – description of server performing these functions is shown; also note Fig. 4 and 5 – another description of second class login server; also note column 9, line 20 – any server configuration is allowable);

the second-class login server further configured to provide a second-class login

token if the login attempt is unsuccessful, wherein a subsequent login attempt made with said second-class login token is impermissible if submitted prior to expiration of a second time delay, said second time delay exceeding said first time delay (note Fig. 6 and 7 – description of server performing these functions is shown; also note Fig. 4 and 5 – another description of second class login server; also note column 9, line 20 – any server configuration is allowable); and

the first-class login server further configured to provide a second-class login token if the login attempt is unsuccessful and the login attempt is the last of a series of unsuccessful login attempts associated with a specific first-class login token, said series including more than the predefined number of unsuccessful login attempts (note Fig. 6 and 7 – description of server performing these functions is shown; also note Fig. 4 and 5 – another description of second class login server; also note column 9, line 20 – any server configuration is allowable).

As per claim 50, which is dependent on claim 49, Sandhu et al. teaches the computer system of claim 49, wherein the second-class login server is further configured to serially process login attempts (note Fig. 2A, 2B, 2C, 3A, and 3 - serial login process described; also note Summary Disclosure of the Invention).

As per claim 51, which is dependent on claim 50, Sandhu et al. teaches the computer system of claim 50, wherein the second-class server is further configured to process login attempts at a defined rate (note Fig. 8 – shows the defined rate).

As per claim 52, which is dependent on claim 51, Sandhu et al. teaches the computer system of claim 51, wherein the second-class server is further configured to decrease the defined rate in response to an occurrence of a set of unsuccessful login

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attempts (note Fig. 11 - shows the decreased defined rate).

As per claim 53, which is dependent on claim 51, Sandhu et al. teaches the computer system of claim 51, wherein the second-class server is further configured to decrease the defined rate if a defined number of unsuccessful login attempts occur during a defined period of time (note column 6, lines 18 - 20 - the invention allows for modification of pre-set maximum to include higher delay rate of processing prior to the attainment of the threshold; also note Fig. 9).

As per claim 54, which is dependent on claim 53, Sandhu et al. teaches the computer system of claim 53, wherein the second-class server is further configured to increase the defined rate if the defined number of unsuccessful login attempts do not occur during the defined period of time (note column 6, lines 18 - 20 - the invention allows for modification of pre-set maximum to include higher delay rate of processing prior to the attainment of the threshold; also note Fig. 9).

As per claim 55, which is dependent on claim 49, Sandhu et al. teaches the computer system of claim 49, wherein the first-class login server is the default login server such that all login attempts are initially processed by said first-class login server, which is configured to redirect login attempts made with a second-class login token to the second-class login server (note Fig. 6 – the default server is the first class login server as shown; also note column 10, lines 51 - 58 - default server can use other computer to perform the second login attempt).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claims 9, 10, 14, and 35-41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sandhu et al. as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Bachman et al. (US Patent No. 5,907,621).

Sandhu et al. differs from the claimed invention in that he teaches a login method comprising processing and updating a login token but fails to specify the limitations below. Bachman et al., however, does teach these limitations in a method similar to that of Sandhu et al.

As per claim 9, which is dependent on claim 1, Bachman et al. teaches the login method of claim 1, further comprising maintaining a network address identifier, said network address identifier corresponding to a network address from which the login attempt originates, wherein the subsequent login attempt is impermissible if a network address from which the subsequent login attempt originates does not correspond to the network address identifier (note column 3, line 48 - IP address is part of the session table).

As per claim 10, which is dependent on claim 1, Bachman et al. teaches the login method of claim 1, further comprising inserting in the updated login token a network address identifier, said network address identifier corresponding to a network address from which the login attempt originates, wherein the subsequent login attempt is impermissible if a network address from which the subsequent login attempt originates does not correspond to the network address identifier (note column 3, line 48 - IP address is

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part of the session table).

As per claim 14, which is dependent on claim 1, Bachman et al. teaches the login method of claim 1, further comprising inserting in the updated login token a nonce, said nonce designed to prevent the reuse of an otherwise valid login token, wherein the login attempt is impermissible if the login token does include a nonce used in a prior login attempt (note column 3, lines 34 - 40 – random session token is equivalent to nonce; also note column 5, line 32).

As per claim 35, which is dependent on claim 1, Bachman et al. teaches the login method of claim 1, further comprising maintaining a count of unsuccessful login attempts to login from a network address (note column 3, line 48 - IP address is part of the session table; also note column 4, lines 43 - 49).

As per claim 36, which is dependent on claim 35, Bachman et al. teaches the login method of claim 35, further comprising incrementing the count if the login attempt is impermissible and made from the network address (note column 3, line 48 - IP address is part of the session table; also note column 4, lines 43 - 49).

As per claim 37, which is dependent on claim 35, Bachman et al. teaches the login method of claim 35, further comprising incrementing the count if the login attempt is permissible but otherwise unsuccessful and made from the network address (note column 3, line 48 - IP address is part of the session table; also note column 4, lines 43 - 49).

As per claim 38, which is dependent on claim 35, Bachman et al. teaches the login method of claim 35, further comprising selecting the second period of time by reference to the count, wherein the second period of time is longer than it otherwise

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would be if the count reaches a predefined threshold and the login attempt is made from the network address (note column 3, line 48 - IP address is part of the session table; also note column 4, lines 43 - 49).

As per claim 39, which is dependent on claim 35, Bachman et al. teaches the login method of claim 35, further comprising selecting the second period of time by reference to the count, wherein the second period of time is longer than it otherwise would be if the count reaches a predefined threshold within a third period of time and the login attempt is made from the network address (note column 3, line 48 - IP address is part of the session table; also note column 4, lines 43 - 49).

As per claim 40, which is dependent on claim 35, Bachman et al. teaches the login method of claim 35, wherein the second period of time is not increased as the count increases unless each of the defined number of unsuccessful login attempts to login from the network address occur within a third period of time (note column 3, line 48 IP address is part of the session table; also note column 4, lines 43 - 49).

As per claim 41, which is dependent on claim 35, Bachman et al. teaches the login method of claim 35, further comprising invalidating the subsequent login attempt if the count equals a predefined threshold and the subsequent login attempt is made from the network address (note column 3, line 48 - IP address is part of the session table; also note column 4, lines 43 - 49).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Sandhu et al.'s method such that the limitations taught by Bachman et al. are included, since Bachman et al. teaches these limitations

within the same field of endeavor (preventing dictionary/replay attack) and with the same problem sought to be solved (promoting secure, authorized access attempts and inhibiting illegal access/attempts, note column 1, lines 13-21 and column 2, lines 10-20).

#### Conclusion

7. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP ß 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

### Inquiries

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Shahin Mizan whose telephone number is 571-272-0687 and whose fax number is 571-273-0687. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gilberto Barron can be reached on 571-272-3799. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Shahin Mizan
Examiner
Art Unit 2132

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